

ROMAN HISTORY EXAMINATION
Georgia Junior Classical League - 2006

FILL IN the first four blocks of the SCANTRON SHEET with YOUR OWN four digit code and the next four blocks with the code for THIS EXAM—1003. FILL IN COMPLETELY the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the correct answer for each question (do not write on the exam itself).

1. Which emperor established the Tetrarchy?
A. Constantine B. Probus C. Diocletian D. Gallienus
2. What Epirote general assisted Tarentum against Rome in the early 3rd century B. C.?
A. Philip B. Pyrrhus C. Demetrios D. Antiochus I
3. Who issued the *Constitutio Antoniniana* that gave all free men in the Roman Empire citizenship?
A. Septimius Severus B. Antoninus Pius C. Marcus Aurelius D. Caracalla
4. Who sought through constitutional reform to diminish the power and appeal of the tribunate?
A. Cicero B. Sulla C. Augustus D. Pompey
5. Which of these generals did not fight against Hannibal?
A. P. Cornelius Scipio B. Q. Fabius Maximus C. Aemilius Paulus D. Lutatius Catulus
6. Which law gave Pompey command of the war against Mithradates in 66 B. C.?
A. Lex Manilia B. Lex Gabinia C. Lex Vatinia D. Lex Pompeia
7. Which terminally ill emperor sought Christian help by issuing the Edict of Toleration?
A. Galerius B. Constantine C. Domitian D. Diocletian
8. Where was Spartacus born?
A. Thrace B. Cilicia C. Samnium D. Gaul
9. In the early Republic, which of these rights was not considered part of the *ius Latii*?
A. Migratio B. Conubium C. Suffragium D. commercium
10. Which emperor erected a commemorative column in Rome to celebrate his victories over the Marcomanni?
A. Trajan B. Constantine C. Marcus Aurelius D. Septimius Severus
11. Which emperor made Britain a Roman province?
A. Claudius B. Nero C. Trajan D. Septimius Severus
12. Who initiated the first systematic persecution of Christians throughout the Roman Empire?
A. Domitian B. Decius C. Nero D. Diocletian
13. Which of these generals was primarily responsible for defeating Sertorius in Spain?
A. C. Mummius B. Crassus C. Pompey D. Scipius Aemilianus
14. With whom did Rome conclude the *Foedus Cassianum*?
A. Latins B. Samnites C. Etruscans D. Carthaginians
15. What is the name usually given to the war that Antony's wife and brother waged against Octavian?
A. Antonian B. Sertorian C. Marsian D. Perusine
16. In the late Republic what or who replaced the power of the Dictator in times of crisis?
A. Interrex B. Senatus Consultum Ultimum C. Imperator D. Censors
17. Who lost the battle of the Milvian Bridge in A.D. 312?
A. Constantine B. Diocletian C. Galerius D. Maxentius
18. The belligerent actions of what African king toward Carthage precipitated the Third Punic War in 149 B. C.?
A. Jugurtha B. Micipsa C. Masinissa D. Juba
19. Which Roman historian, as a praetor, was convicted of extortion and removed from the Senate?
A. Sallust B. Livy C. Tacitus D. Diodorus
20. Which of these was not part of Augustus' official name?
A. Imperator B. Divi Filius C. Octavianus D. Caesar
21. Against which African king did Marius conduct operations between 111 and 106 B. C.?
A. Hiempsal B. Masinissa C. Jugurtha D. Juba
22. Who led the famous Jewish revolt of A.D. 132?
A. Spartacus B. Simon Bar Kokhba C. Philip the Arab D. Eleazar ben Yair
23. Whose failed attempt at sponsoring Italian citizenship led directly to the Social War of 90 B.C.
A. C. Gracchus B. Tiberius Gracchus C. M. Livius Drusus D. L. Appuleius Saturninus
24. Which of these was not married to Claudius?
A. Agrippina the Younger B. Plautia Urgulanilla C. Antonia D. Messalina

25. Which one of these emperors did not reign during the "Year of the Four Emperors"?.
 A. Otho B. Vitellius C. Galba D. Nerva
26. Which one of these was not involved in the assassination of Julius Caesar?
 A. Cicero B. M. Junius Brutus C. Cassius Longinus D. C. Trebonius
27. Which victory ended the Second Punic War?
 A. Cannae B. Cumae C. Zama D. Drepana
28. Which of these battles did not occur during the war between Pompey and Caesar and its immediate aftermath?
 A. Dyrrhacchium B. Thapsus C. Pharsalus D. Philippi
29. Who wrote the first history of Rome in Latin?
 A. Sallust B. Cato the Elder C. Diodorus D. Livy
30. Which of these was not part of the Settlement of Augustus of 27 B. C.?
 A. The name Augustus B. Laurel wreath over doorpost C. Full Tribunician Powers
 D. Division of Provinces with Senate
31. Which emperor initiated a social division among the Roman people that, for legal purposes, divided them into *honestiores* and *humiliores*?
 A. Domitian B. Elagabalus C. Septimius Severus D. Diocletian
32. In which popular assembly is membership based on wealth.
 A. Comitia Tributa B. Comitia Centuriata C. Concilium Plebis D. Comitia Curiata
33. The Fourth-century A.D. register of military units and their provincial postings in both East and West was the
 A. Feriale Duranum B. Notitia Dignitatum C. Tabula Peutingeriana D. Carmen Saeculares
34. Which of these men served as Tiberius' Praetorian Prefect?
 A. Seianus B. Tigellinus C. Burrus D. Aulus Plautius
35. Which fourth-century A.D. emperor tried to return paganism to the forefront of Roman society?
 A. Jovian B. Julian C. Valentinian D. Gratian
36. Which of these organizations had responsibility to combat fires in both Rome and Ostia?
 A. Vigiles B. Praetorian Guard C. Cohortes Urbanae D. Equites Singulares
37. Which of these names would a Roman consider the least important?
 A. Agnomen B. Cognomen C. Praenomen D. Nomen
38. Who became emperor by purchasing it at an auction conducted by the Praetorian Guard?
 A. Aurelian B. Commodus C. Didius Julianus D. Pertinax
39. Which of these offices did not possess imperium?
 A. Censor B. Praetor C. Consul D. Proconsul
40. Which of these writers did not compose during the reign of Augustus?
 A. Ovid B. Sulpicia C. Pompeius Trogus D. Velleius Paterculus
41. Which emperor first advertised himself as *Optimus Princeps*?
 A. Hadrian B. Trajan C. Augustus D. Marcus Aurelius
42. Which law legitimized the Second Triumvirate in 43 B. C.?
 A. Lex Pompeia B. Lex Titia C. Lex Julia D. Lex Calpurnia
43. Which emperor composed his "*Meditations*" while on campaign in Europe?
 A. Marcus Aurelius B. Trajan C. Domitian D. Valerian
44. Who was Rome's adversary during the Illyrian Wars of 229-228?
 A. Mithridates B. Queen Teuta C. Demetrios D. Pyrrhus
45. Which one of these does not belong to "Rome of the Four Regions"?
 A. Celian B. Quirinal C. Capitoline D. Esquiline
46. Which emperor issued the Edict of Maximum Prices?
 A. Nero B. Aurelian C. Septimius Severus D. Diocletian
47. Who built the *Domus Aurea*?
 A. Augustus B. Tiberius C. Nero D. Claudius
48. Which of these was not a victory of C. Iulius Caesar
 A. Alesia B. Pharsalus C. Invasion of Britain D. Munda
49. What was the organization created by Augustus to serve as the first police force in Rome?
 A. Vigiles B. Cohortes Urbanae C. Praetorian Guard D. Equites Singulares
50. Which emperor created the imperial postal service (*cursus publicus*)?
 A. Trajan B. Tiberius C. Augustus D. Claudius