

2008 GJCL GREEK DERIVATIVES EXAM

Fill in the first four blocks of the Scantron sheet with your own 4-digit code and then the next four blocks with the 4-digit code for this exam (1015). Fill in completely the space on the answer sheet corresponding to the answer for each question; please do not write on the exam itself.

I. Give the letter of the meaning nearest to that of the Greek element underlined.

- | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------|
| 1. <u>PARALLEL</u> | a) equal | b) other | c) every | d) side |
| 2. <u>COSMOPOLITAN</u> | a) all | b) elite | c) rule | d) world |
| 3. <u>IMPOLITIC</u> | a) city | b) many | c) speak | d) foreign |
| 4. <u>STEREOTYPE</u> | a) kind | b) four | c) sound | d) strike |
| 5. <u>ANATHEMA</u> | a) put | b) speak | c) hear | d) evil |
| 6. <u>ANTHOLOGY</u> | a) man | b) list | c) put | d) flower |
| 7. <u>CRITICAL</u> | a) pledge | b) see | c) noble | d) judge |
| 8. <u>NAUSEATE</u> | a) disease | b) ship | c) bad | d) turn |
| 9. <u>CATEGORICAL</u> | a) class | b) speech | c) count | d) marketplace |
| 10. <u>ARCHITECT</u> | a) teach | b) rule | c) write | d) build |
| 11. <u>DISASTER</u> | a) star | b) fall | c) fortune | d) ruin |
| 12. <u>PROBLEM</u> | a) mark | b) stain | c) throw | d) ask |
| 13. <u>ANECDOTE</u> | a) give | b) cure | c) tell | d) choose |
| 14. <u>DROMEDARY</u> | a) hill | b) run | c) eat | d) sell |
| 15. <u>METHOD</u> | a) learn | b) one | c) way | d) hate |

II. Choose the best answer based on the root meaning of the word in bold.

16. **Glosses** would be used to give
a. relief b. explanations c. advice d. warnings
17. The person most likely to **cauterize** is
a. a cook b. a dictator c. a doctor d. an author
18. Someone with **ergophobia** would be afraid of
a. motion b. electricity c. work d. crops
19. **Cyclopean** architecture is
a. very old b. very big c. very ornate d. very simple
20. You would most likely find an **acrostic** in
a. a book of poems b. a church c. a horror film d. a weather map
21. The person most likely to be concerned with **euphony** is
a. a doctor b. a police officer c. a painter d. a poet
22. **Doxology** would most likely be encountered in
a. a hospital b. a church c. a courtroom d. a museum
23. Someone displaying **misocainea** would have an aversion to
a. dogs b. crowds c. new ideas d. the ocean
24. An **osteopath** would work with
a. bones b. the senses c. stones d. herbs
25. A **bibliopole** would
a. make maps b. sell books c. fear books d. interpret the Bible

III. Based on your knowledge of Greek derivatives, choose the best meaning for each name.

26. **Xena** would be a good name for
a. a scientist b. a foreigner c. a warrior d. a farmer
27. **Timothy** means
a. gift of God b. very learned c. honoring God d. leading the way

28. **Peter** should be known for his
 a. steadfastness b. intelligence c. curiosity d. bravery
29. **Eunice** literally means
 a. good-looking b. well-liked c. good victory d. well-spoken
30. **Philippa**'s favorite pastime would be
 a. reading b. riding horses c. gardening d. studying philosophy

IV. Choose the letter of the derivative that best suits the given definition.

31. very clear or vivid
 a. iconic b. eidetic c. dialectic d. echelon
32. literally, "public work"
 a. synergy b. energy c. liturgy d. surgery
33. worship of the dead
 a. necrolatry b. necromancy c. necropsy d. necrology
34. literally, one who "leads children"
 a. pediatrician b. pedestrian c. pied-a-terre d. pedagogue
35. secret or esoteric knowledge of spiritual matters
 a. agnosticism b. gnosis c. cognizance d. prognosis
36. an event placed in the wrong time period
 a. schism b. anachronism c. chronogram d. decalogue
37. originally a "well-rounded education"
 a. philosophy b. methodology c. mathematics d. encyclopedia
38. common or popular
 a. endemic b. demographic c. demotic d. politic
39. one who knows many languages
 a. polymath b. polyglot c. heterodox d. cosmopolite
40. obviously exaggerated
 a. parabolic b. embolus c. hyperbolic d. probiotic

V. Choose the best meaning of the Greek root.

41. zeal-
 a. ardor b. anger c. envy d. hate
42. litho-
 a. image b. single c. stone d. exact
43. acro-
 a. point b. sharp c. fine d. best
44. myri-
 a. few b. different c. ten thousand d. wife
45. bomb-
 a. swell b. hum c. destroy d. fall
46. -phag-
 a. say b. think c. eat d. reveal
47. -crat
 a. power b. evil c. kill d. judge
48. pan-
 a. flat b. vulgar c. all d. fear
49. -lexi-
 a. mix b. write c. straight d. gather
50. cam-
 a. dear b. vault c. win d. even